## § 1917.113

- (2) If not of solid baluster, grillwork, slatted or similar construction, guardrails shall consist of top rails and midrails. Midrails, when used, shall be positioned at approximately half the height of the top rail.
- (3) The top surface of guardrails installed before October 3, 1983, shall be at least 36 inches (0.91 m) high. Those installed after October 3, 1983, shall be 42 inches (1.07 m), plus or minus 2 inches (5.1 cm), high.
- (4) Any non-rigid railing such as chain or wire rope shall have a maximum sag limit at the mid-point between posts of not more than 6 inches (15.24 cm).
- (5) Top rails shall be free of puncture and laceration hazards.
- (6) Rail ends shall not overhang to constitute a hazard, but this does not prohibit scrollwork, boxed ends or similar non-hazardous projections.
- (d) Toeboards. Toeboards shall be provided when employees below could be exposed to falling objects such as tools. Toeboards shall be at least 3½ inches (8.9 cm) in height from top edge to floor level, and be capable of withstanding a force of 50 pounds (222 N) applied in any direction. Drainage clearance under toeboards is permitted.
- (e) Stair railings. Stair railings shall be capable of withstanding a force of at least 200 pounds (890 N) applied in any direction, and shall not be more than 36 inches (0.91 m) nor less than 32 inches (0.81 m) in height from the upper top rail surface to the tread surface in line with the leading edge of the tread. Railings and midrails shall be provided at any stairway having four or more risers, as follows:
- (1) For stairways less than 44 inches (1.12 m) wide, at least one railing; and
- (2) For stairways more than 44 inches (1.12 m) but less than 88 inches (2.24 m) wide, a stair rail or handrail on each side, and if 88 or more inches wide, an additional intermediate handrail.
- (f) Condition. Railings shall be maintained free of sharp edges and in good repair.

 $[48\ {\rm FR}\ 30909,\ {\rm July}\ 5,\ 1983,\ {\rm as}\ {\rm amended}\ {\rm at}\ 62\ {\rm FR}\ 40201,\ {\rm July}\ 25,\ 1997;\ 65\ {\rm FR}\ 40941,\ {\rm June}\ 30,\ 2000]$ 

## §1917.113 Clearance heights.

Clearance heights shall be prominently posted where the height is insufficient for vehicles and equipment.

## § 1917.114 Cargo doors.

- (a) Mechanically operated. (1) Cargo door counterweights shall be guarded.
- (2) Lift trucks and cranes shall not be used to move mechanically operated doors except when necessary during repair on the doors, in which case ropes or other guarding shall be provided to prevent entry into the area where the door may fall or slide.
- (3) Vertically operated doors partially opened for work or ventilation shall be secured to prevent accidental closing.
- (b) *Tackle operated*. (1) The door shall be connected to its lifting tackle with shackles or equally secure means.
- (2) Lifting bridles and tackles shall have a safety factor of five, based upon maximum anticipated static loading conditions.
- (3) Devices shall be provided to hold overhead doors in the open position and to secure them when closed.
- (4) Lifting gear and hardware shall be maintained in safe condition.
- (5) Lifting ropes, when used, shall be placed out of the work area and off the floor.
- (c) Horizontal sliding. (1) Horizontal sliding door rollers shall be constructed to prevent the door from jumping from overhead tracks.
- (2) Sliding doors shall be secured to prevent them from swinging.

## §1917.115 Platforms and skids.

- (a) Platforms and skids extending from piers, transit sheds or lofts and used for landing or hooking on drafts shall be provided at the open sides with guardrails meeting the requirements of §1917.112(c) or alternate means, such as nets, to protect employees against falls.
- (b) Any employee working below a second-story platform or skid shall be protected from falling objects by a net stretched from the platform or skid to the vessel.
- (c) Platforms and skids shall be strong enough to bear the loads handled and shall be maintained in safe condition. Safe working loads, which